

The Template Pattern

- Consider the abstract class *ASorter* in the handout.

```
public final void sort(int[] A, int lo, int hi)
{
    if (lo < hi) {
        int s = split(A, lo, hi);
        sort(A, lo, s-1);
        sort(A, s, hi);
        join(A, lo, s, hi);
    }
}

public abstract int split(int[] A, int lo, int hi);

public abstract void join(int[] A, int lo, int s, int hi);
```

The Template Pattern

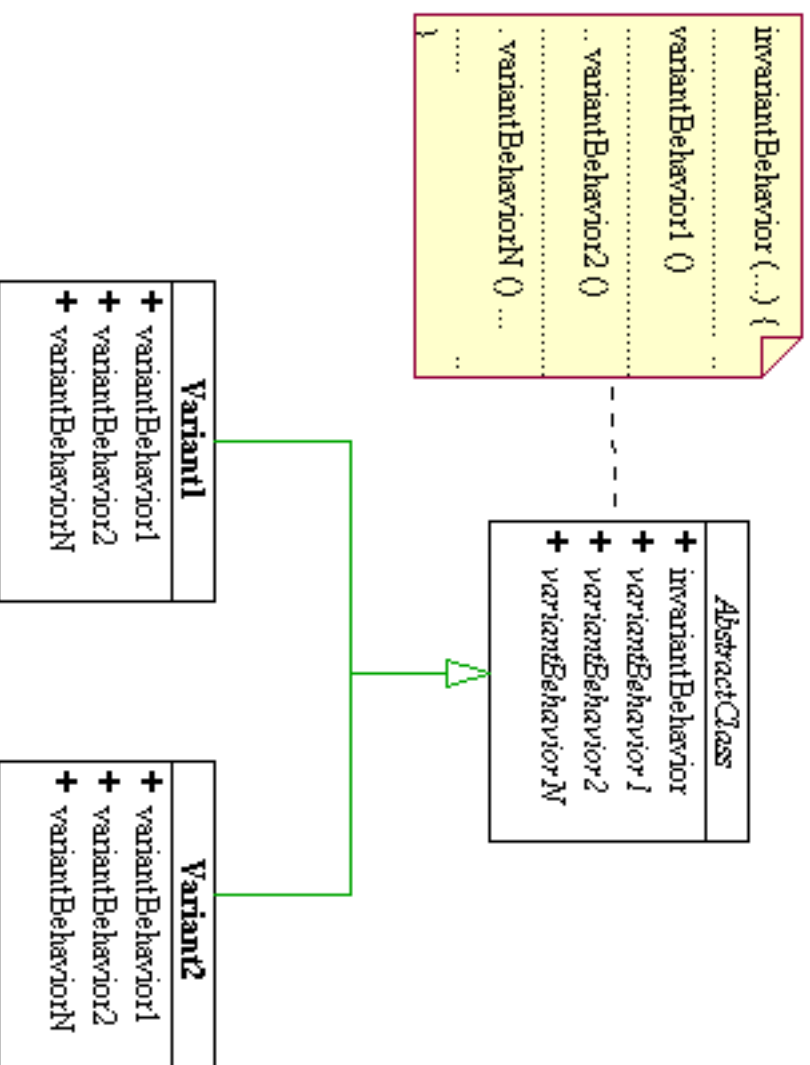
- The `sort()` method, as shown, is NOT abstract. Class *ASorter* defines `sort()` in terms of `split()` and `join()`, two abstract methods.
 - It is up to all future subclasses of *ASorter* to concretely define what `split()` and `join()` are supposed to do.
 - The method `sort()` represents what we call an “invariant” behavior for *ASorter*.
 - The “variants” in this case are the `split()` and `join()` methods.
 - * It is the responsibility of all the variants (i.e. subclasses) of *ASorter* to do the actual work in `split()` and `join()`.
- The method `sort()` is an example of the “Template Method Pattern”.
 - A “template method” is a method that makes calls to at least one abstract method in its own class. It serves to define a fixed algorithm that all future subclasses must follow.

The Template Pattern (cont.)

- In Java, it's good practice to specify template methods with the key word `final`.
 - Roughly speaking, the key word `final` means "whatever is defined as `final` cannot be changed".
 - * A `final` class is a class that cannot be extended. A `final` method is a method that cannot be overridden by any of the subclasses. A `final` field is a field that, once initialized, cannot be modified.

The Template Pattern (cont.)

- The following is an UML diagram describing the template method pattern.



A Sorting Taxonomy

- In “An Inverted Taxonomy of Sorting Algorithms,” Communication of the ACM, Jan. 1985, Volume 28, Number 1, pp. 96-99, Susan Merritt presented a new taxonomy for comparison-based sorting algorithms.
 - Her taxonomy was not expressed in terms of object-oriented programming parlance. The handout presents an implementation of Merritt’s taxonomy using the template method pattern.