

Initializing the Heap: HeapSorter()

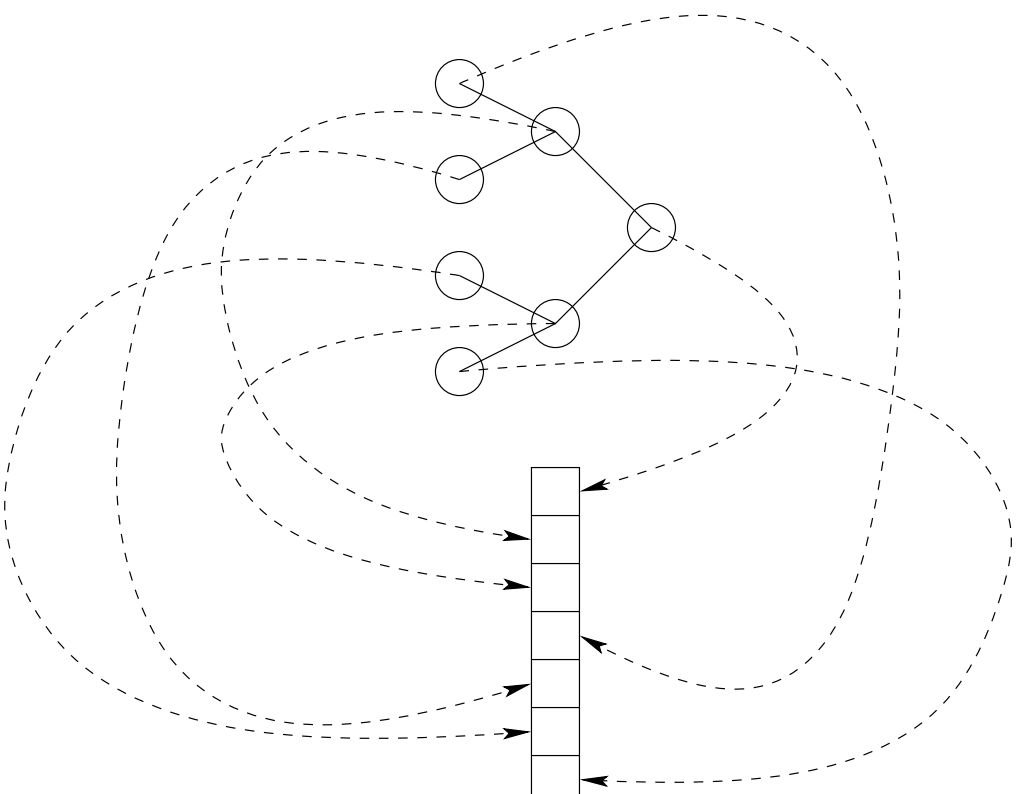
```
public class HeapSorter extends ASorter
{
    public HeapSorter(int[] A, int lo, int hi)
    {
        for (int cur = (hi - lo + 1) / 2; cur >= lo; cur--) {
            Heapifier.Singleton.siftDown(A, lo, cur, hi);
        }
        . . .
    }
}
```

Analysis of HeapSorter()'s running time

- We can derive a tighter bound than $O(n \log n)$ by observing that the time for siftDown() to run at a node varies with the height of the node in the tree, and the heights of most nodes are small.
- The tighter analysis relies on the property that in an n -element heap there are at most $\lceil n/2^{h+1} \rceil$ nodes of height h .
- The time required by siftDown() when called on a node of height h is $O(h)$, so we can express the total cost of HeapSorter() as

$$\sum_{h=0}^{\lfloor \log n \rfloor} \left\lceil \frac{n}{2^{h+1}} \right\rceil O(h) = O\left(n \sum_{h=0}^{\lfloor \log n \rfloor} \frac{h}{2^h}\right). \quad (1)$$

Analysis of HeapSorter()'s running time (cont.)



Analysis of HeapSorter ()'s running time (cont.)

The last summation can be evaluated by differentiating and multiplying by x both sides of the infinite geometric series (for $|x| < 1$)

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} x^k = \frac{1}{1-x}, \quad (2)$$

to obtain

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} kx^k = \frac{x}{(1-x)^2} \quad (3)$$

in which $x = 1/2$ is substituted to yield

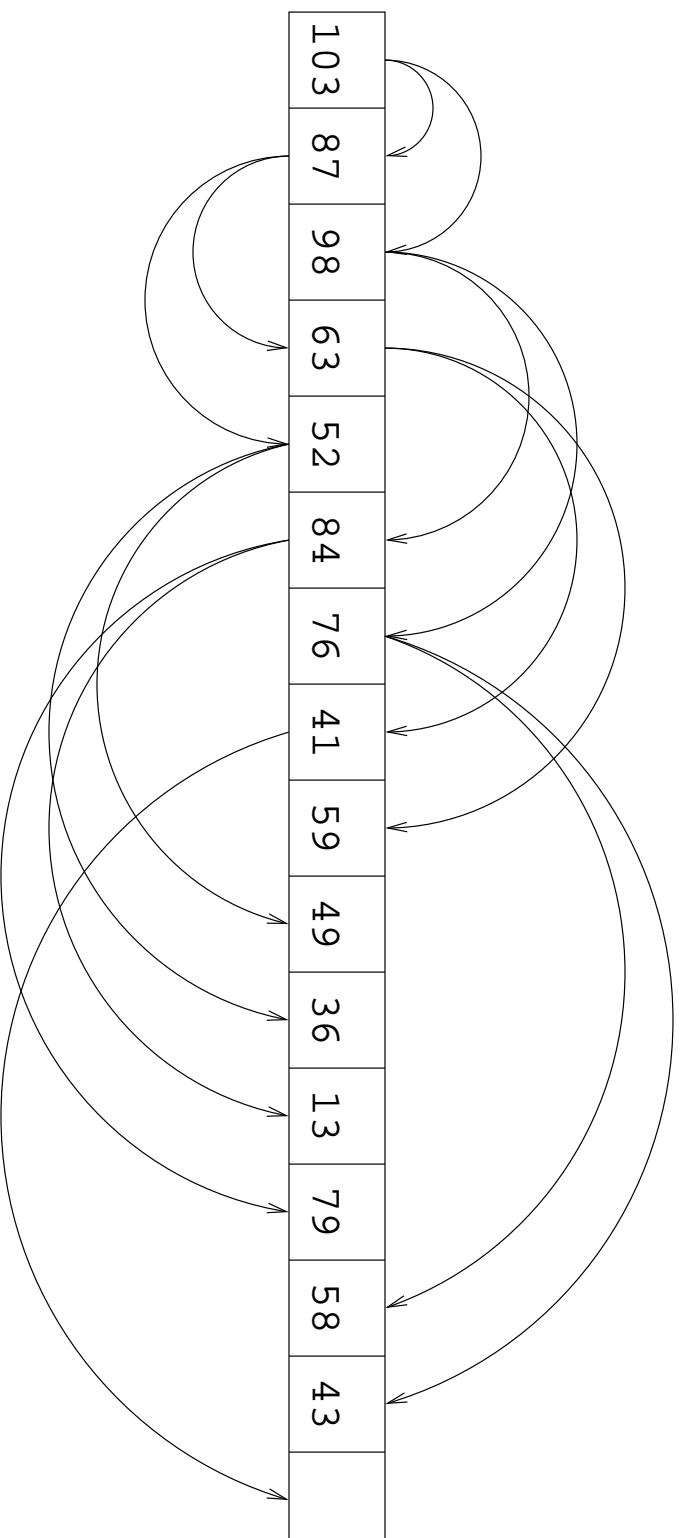
$$\sum_{h=0}^{\infty} \frac{h}{2^h} = \frac{1/2}{(1-1/2)^2} = 2. \quad (4)$$

Analysis of HeapSorter ()'s running time (cont.)

Thus, the running time of the HeapSorter () constructor can be bounded as

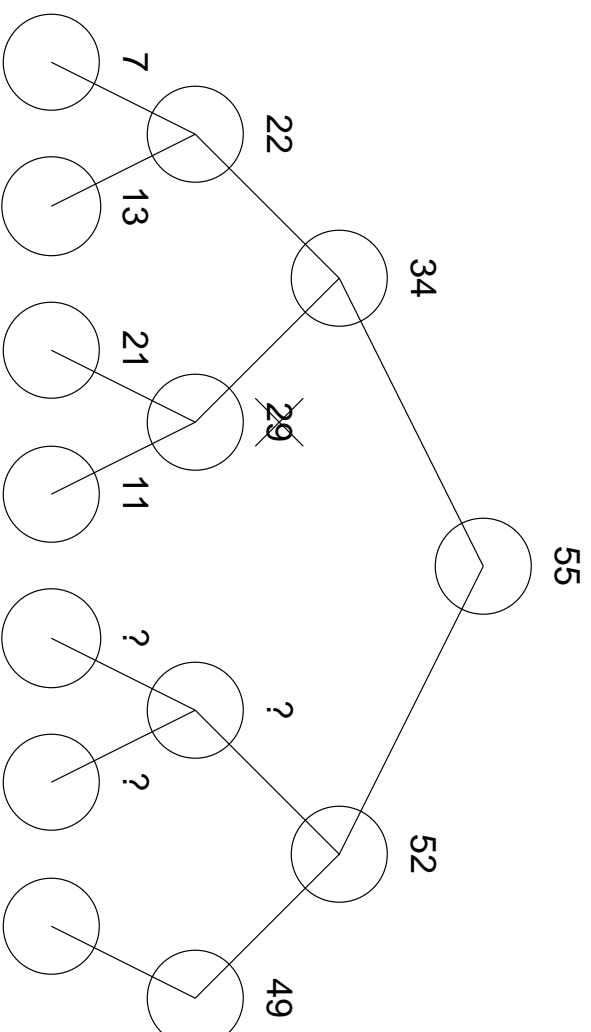
$$O(n) \sum_{h=0}^{\lfloor \log n \rfloor} \frac{h}{2^h} = O(n) \sum_{h=0}^{\infty} \frac{h}{2^h} = O(2n) = O(n). \quad (5)$$

Example of siftUp()



Removal Of A Non-Root Node From A Heap

- Consider removing the node with the key 29 from the following heap.



3 or 47

IPriorityQueue

```
package queues;

import java.util.Enumeration;
import ordered.IOrdered;

public interface IPriorityQueue {

    public void enqueue(IOrdered data);

    public IOrdered dequeue();

    public Enumeration enumeration();
}
```