Polymorphism

```
AShape
                                              AShape t
= s; // OK, the old Rectangle is gone
                                                                        ഗ
                                             = new Circle(2.7); // OK.
= new Rectangle(3, 4); // OK.
```

Circle

겁

= new Rectangle(5, 6); // NO!

- AShape at any time in a program. AShape is said to be polymorphic. A variable of class AShape can be assigned any instance of subclasses of
- In general, a variable of a superclass can be assigned an instance of any of its subclasses, but not the other way around. Polymorphism means a class can represent any of its subclasses.

Object-oriented Programming Principles

- 1. Objects are the only things that can perform computations.
- 2. Encapsulate that which varies (a variant) into a class, and make all related variants into concrete subclasses of an "abstract class"
- E.g., Rectangle and Circle extend Shape.
- 3. Program to the interface (or abstract class).
- E.g., _shape.dArea(); where _shape is AShape, not Rectangle or Circle.

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The Union Pattern

- Suppose I face the problem of computing the areas of geometrical shapes such as rectangles and circles
- $\mathsf{OOPP}\ \#\mathsf{0}\ \mathsf{suggests}\ \mathsf{that}\ \mathsf{l}\ \mathsf{build}\ \mathsf{objects}\ \mathsf{that}\ \mathsf{are}\ \mathsf{capable}\ \mathsf{of}\ \mathsf{computing}$ these areas
- circles, etc The variants for this problem are the infinitely many shapes: rectangles
- $\mathsf{OOPP}\ \#1$ drives me to define concrete classes such as Rectangle and which has the abstract capability of computing its area Circle, and make them subclasses of an abstract class, called AShape,
- * This is an example of the simplest yet most fundamental 00 design #0 and OOPP #1. pattern called the $Union\ Pattern$. It is the result of applying OOPP

The Union Pattern (cont.)

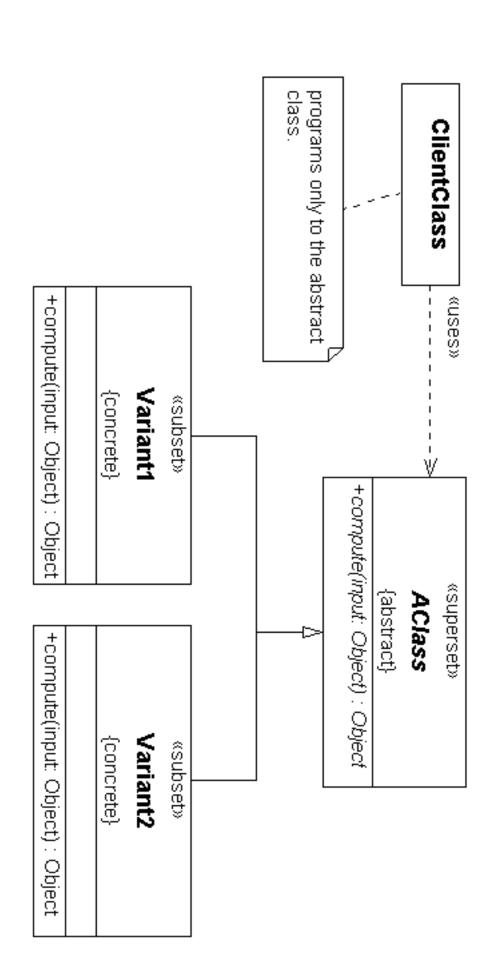
- The Union Pattern is the result of partitioning the sets of objects in the problem domain into *disjoint* subsets and consists of
- an abstract class (AClass) representing the superset of all the objects of interest,
- several concrete subclasses (Variant1, Variant2) representing disjoint subsets of the above superset;
- the union of these subsets equals the superset.

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The Union Pattern (cont.)

- A client of the Union Pattern uses instances of the concrete subclasses (Variant1, Variant2), but should only see them as AClass objects
- The client class code should only concern itself with the public methods concrete instances it is working with. of AClass and should not need to check for the class type of the
- Conditional statements to distinguish the various cases are reducing code complexity and making the code easier to maintain. gone,

The Union Pattern (cont.)



A Scheme-like List

- What is a list?
- An ordered collection of zero or more objects.
- What are the (basic) operations supported on a list?
- getFirst()
- getRest()

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```
public abstract class AList
                                                                                                                                  public abstract Object getFirst();
public abstract AList getRest();
                                               // Returns the tail ("rest") of this AList, if any.
                                                                                                                                                                                 // Returns the first object in this AList, if any.
```

```
public class NEList extends
                                     public AList getRest()
                                                                                                                                                           public Object getFirst()
                                                                                                                                                                                                                      private AList _rest;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          private
                                                           // Returns the tail ("rest")
                                                                                                                                                                                // Returns the first object
                                                                                                                     return _first;
return _rest;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          Object _first;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    AList
                                                                                                                                                                                  in this
                                                            of
                                                            this
                                                                                                                                                                                  AList.
                                                            AList.
```

```
public class EmptyList extends AList
                                                                           public AList
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          public Object getFirst()
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   // Throws an IllegalArgumentException
                                                                                                                // Throws an IllegalArgumentException
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                throw new IllegalArgumentException("Empty List has no data.");
throw new IllegalArgumentException("Empty List has
                                                                        getRest()
  no tail.");
```

```
public abstract class AList
public abstract int helpGetLength(int acc);
                                                                                                                                             public abstract int getLength();
                                                                                                                                                                                  // the "helper" method helpGetLength().
                                     // in the AList.
                                                                        Returns the sum of ''acc'' and the number of elements
                                                                                                                                                                                                                           Returns the number of elements in this
                                                                                                                                                                                                                            AList.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                             Uses
```

```
public class NEList extends AList
                                                      public int helpGetLength(int acc)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               public int getLength()
                                                                                     // tail for help to compute the length.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             passing it an accumulated length of 1.
                                                                                                                                                                                                        return _rest.helpGetLength(1);
   return
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            Asks the tail
                                                                                                                  Adds 1 to the accumulated length and
_rest.helpGetLength(acc + 1);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           for help to compute
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         the length,
                                                                                                                 pass
                                                                                                                     j.
t
                                                                                                                     down to
                                                                                                                      the
```

```
public class EmptyList extends AList
                                                             public int helpGetLength(int acc)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     public int getLength()
                                                                                              // Returns the accumulated length, since this is the end of the
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          // Returns
                                                                                                                                                                                                     return 0;
return acc;
```